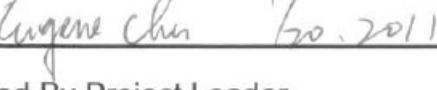




Model Name: T315XW06 V6

Issue Date : 2011/01/11

() Preliminary Specifications
(*) Final Specifications

Customer Signature	Date	AUO	Date
Approved By		Approval By PM Director YenTing Chiu 	
Note		Reviewed By RD Director Eugene CC Chen  Reviewed By Project Leader Sarah Ke 	
		Prepared By PM Janna Huang 	



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Record of Revision

Version	Date	Page	Description
0.0	2010/10/14		First release
1.0	2011/01/11	6	Update Backlight Power Consumption
		6	Add Life time
		6	Add AC characteristics
		6	Add Input Differential Voltage
		7	Update Note 1~3
		8	Update Note 4~6
		9	Update LVDS connector
		15	Update Backlight Power Consumption
		15	Update inrush current
		18	Update optical specification
1.1	2011/01/25	18	Update optical specification
		19	Update Note 2

1. General Description

This specification applies to the 31.5 inch Color TFT-LCD Module T315XW06 V6. This LCD module has a TFT active matrix type liquid crystal panel 1,366 x 768 pixels, and diagonal size of 31.5 inch. This module supports 1,366 x 768 mode. Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 8-bit gray scale signal for each dot.

The T315XW06 V6 has been designed to apply the 8-bit 1 channel LVDS interface method. It is intended to support displays where high brightness, wide viewing angle, high color saturation, and high color depth are very important.

- **General Information**

Items	Specification	Unit	Note
Active Screen Size	31.5	inch	
Display Area	697.685 (H) x 392.256(V)	mm	
Outline Dimension	735.4(H) x 433.0 (V)	mm	
Driver Element	a-Si TFT active matrix		
Display Colors	8 bit, 16.7M	color	
Number of Pixels	1,366 x 768	pixel	
Pixel Pitch	0.51075	mm	
Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical stripe		
Display Operation Mode	Normally Black		
Surface Treatment	Anti-Glare, 3H		Haze=2%

2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

The followings are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit

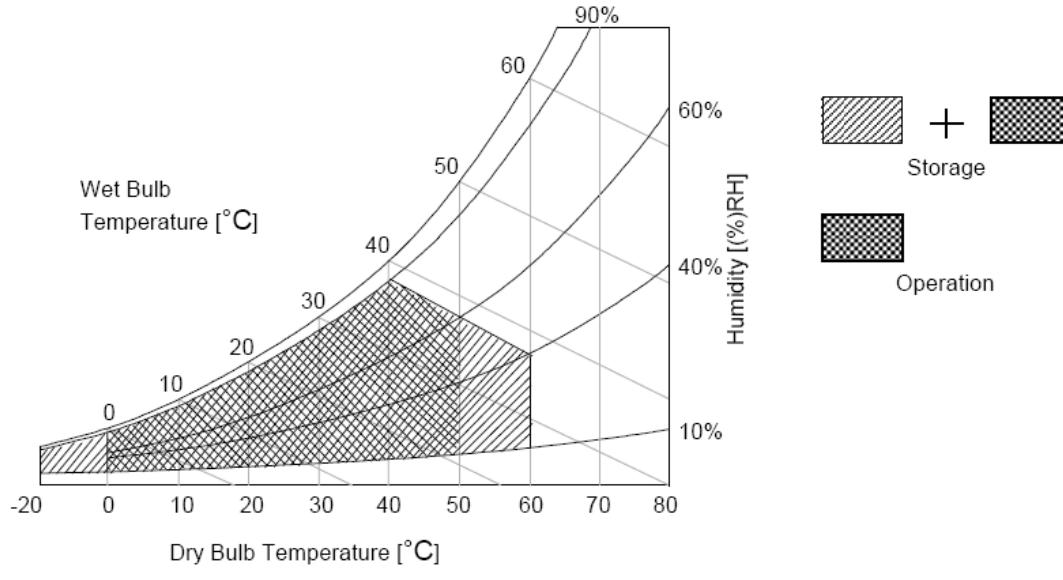
Item	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Conditions
Logic/LCD Drive Voltage	Vcc	-0.3	14	[Volt]	Note 1
Input Voltage of Signal	Vin	-0.3	4	[Volt]	Note 1
Operating Temperature	TOP	0	+50	[°C]	Note 2
Operating Humidity	HOP	10	90	[%RH]	Note 2
Storage Temperature	TST	-20	+60	[°C]	Note 2
Storage Humidity	HST	10	90	[%RH]	Note 2
Panel Surface Temperature	PST	--	65	[°C]	Note 3

Note 1: Duration:50 msec.

Note 2 : Maximum Wet-Bulb should be 39°C and No condensation.

The relative humidity must not exceed 90% non-condensing at temperatures of 40°C or less. At temperatures greater than 40°C, the wet bulb temperature must not exceed 39°C.

Note 3: Surface temperature is measured at 50°C Dry condition





3. Electrical Specification

The T315XW06 V6 requires two power inputs. One is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal. The second input is to power Back Light Unit.

3-1 Electrical Characteristics

3.1.1: DC Characteristics

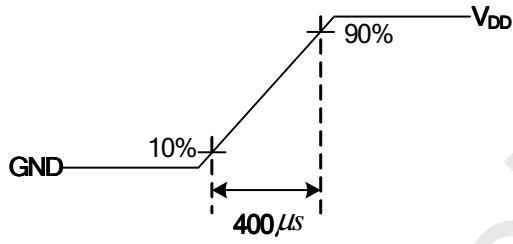
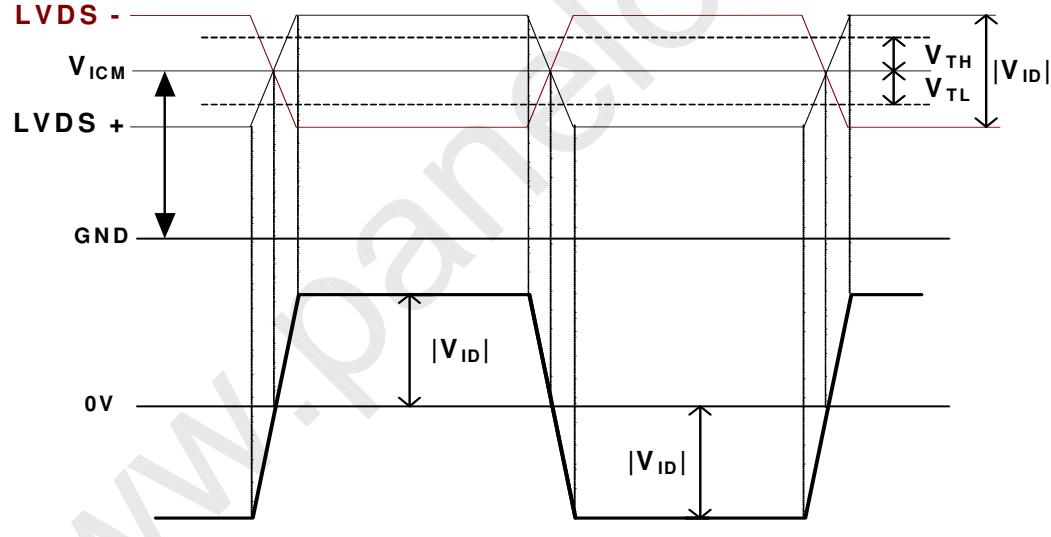
Parameter	Symbol	Value			Unit	Note	
		Min.	Typ.	Max			
LCD							
Power Supply Input Voltage (for input power=12V)	V _{DD}	10.8	12	13.2	V _{DC}		
Power Supply Input Current	I _{DD}	--	0.26	0.33	A	1	
Inrush Current	I _{RUSH}	--	--	3	A	2	
LVDS Interface	Input Differential Voltage	V _{ID}	200	400	mV _{DC}	3	
	Differential Input High Threshold Voltage	V _{TH}	+100	--	+300	mV _{DC}	3
	Differential Input Low Threshold Voltage	V _{TL}	-300	--	-100	mV _{DC}	3
	Input Common Mode Voltage	V _{ICM}	1.1	1.25	1.4	V _{DC}	3
CMOS Interface	Input High Threshold Voltage	V _{IH} (High)	2.7	--	3.3	V _{DC}	5
	Input Low Threshold Voltage	V _{IL} (Low)	0	--	0.6	V _{DC}	5
Backlight Power Consumption	P _{BL}		36	39.6	Watt		
Life time		30,000	--	--	Hours		

3.1.2: AC Characteristics

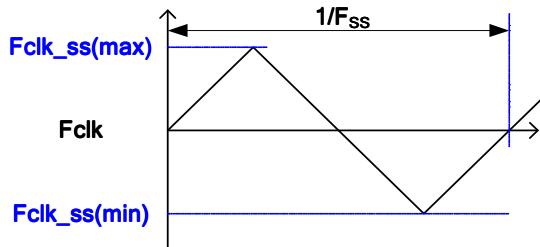
Parameter	Symbol	Value			Unit	Note	
		Min.	Typ.	Max			
LVDS Interface	Receiver Clock : Spread Spectrum Modulation range	Fclk_ss	Fclk -3%	--	Fclk +3%	MHz	7
	Receiver Clock : Spread Spectrum Modulation frequency	Fss	30	--	200	KHz	7
	Receiver Data Input Margin Fclk = 85 MHz Fclk = 65 MHz	tRMG	-0.4 -0.5	--	0.4 0.5	ns	8

Note :**1. Test Condition:**

- (1) $V_{DD} = 12.0V$
- (2) $F_v = 60Hz$
- (3) $F_{clk} = \text{Max freq.}$
- (4) Temperature = 25°C
- (5) Typ. Input current : White Pattern
Max. Input current: Heavy loading pattern defined by AUO

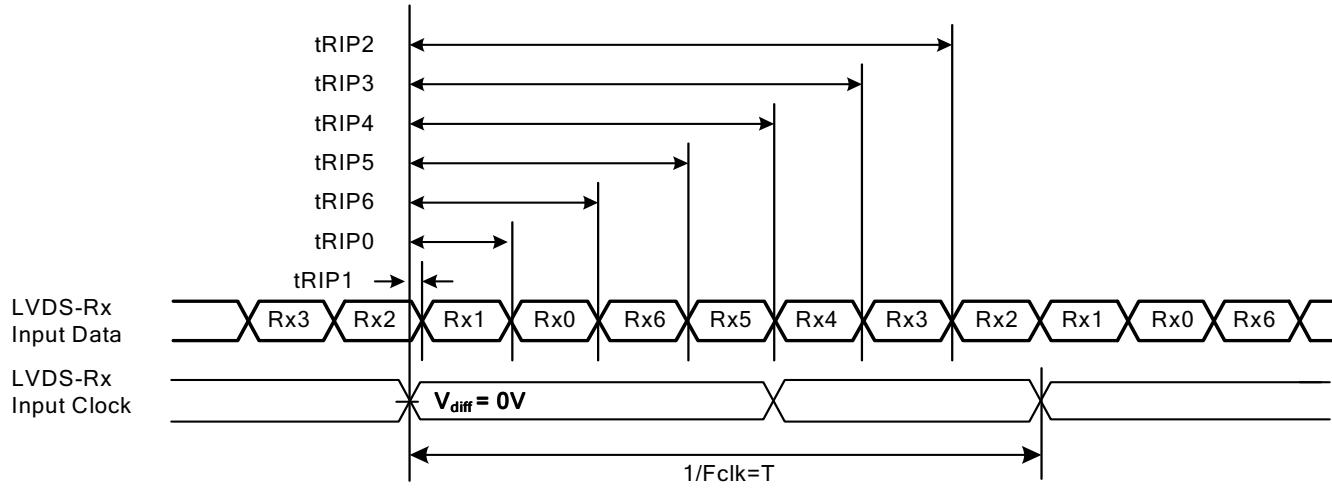
2. Measurement condition : Rising time = 400us**3. $V_{ICM} = 1.25V$** 

4. The measure points of V_{IH} and V_{IL} are in LCM side after connecting the System Board and LCM.
5. LVDS Receiver Clock SSCG (Spread spectrum clock generator) is defined as below figures



6. Receiver Data Input Margin

Parameter	Symbol	Rating			Unit	Note
		Min	Type	Max		
Input Clock Frequency	Fclk	Fclk (min)	--	Fclk (max)	MHz	$T=1/Fclk$
Input Data Position0	tRIP1	- tRMG	0	tRMG	ns	
Input Data Position1	tRIP0	T/7- tRMG	T/7	T/7+ tRMG	ns	
Input Data Position2	tRIP6	2T/7- tRMG	2T/7	2T/7+ tRMG	ns	
Input Data Position3	tRIP5	3T/7- tRMG	3T/7	3T/7+ tRMG	ns	
Input Data Position4	tRIP4	4T/7- tRMG	4T/7	4T/7+ tRMG	ns	
Input Data Position5	tRIP3	5T/7- tRMG	5T/7	5T/7+ tRMG	ns	
Input Data Position6	tRIP2	6T/7- tRMG	6T/7	6T/7+ tRMG	ns	





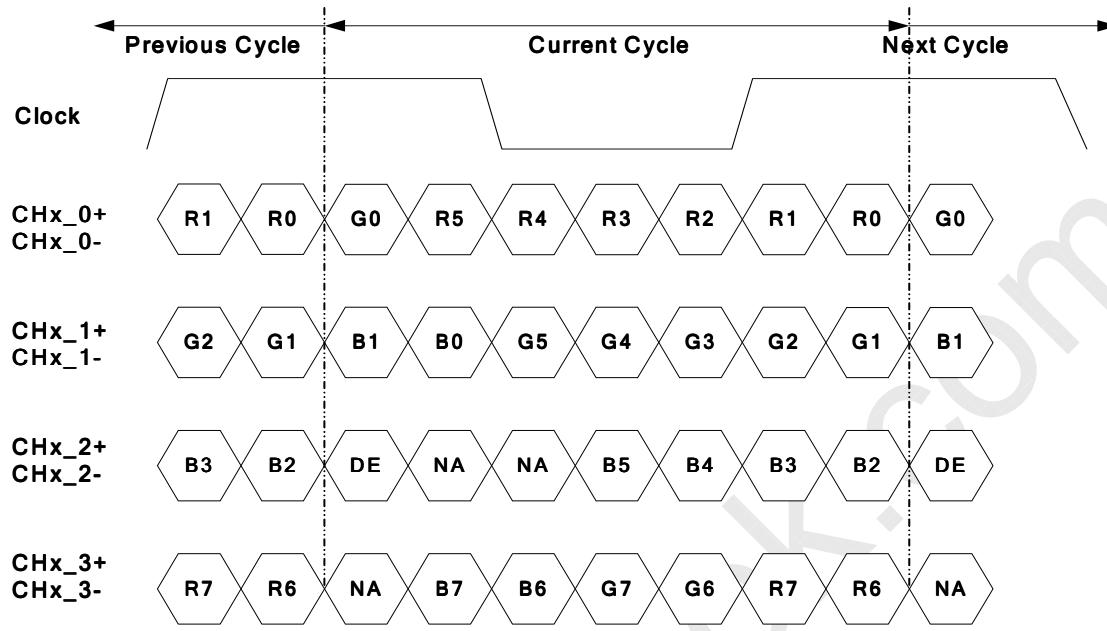
3-2 Interface Connections

- LCD Connector - LVDS connector on transfer board : JAE FI-X30SSLA-HF

PIN	Symbol	Description
1	V _{DD}	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated
2	V _{DD}	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated
3	V _{DD}	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated
4	V _{DD}	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated
5	GND	Ground
6	GND	Ground
7	GND	Ground
8	GND	Ground
9	LVDS_SEL	Open/High(3.3V) for NS, Low(GND) for JEIDA
10	Reserved	AUO Internal Use Only
11	GND	Ground
12	CH1_0-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 0-
13	CH1_0+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 0+
14	GND	Ground
15	CH1_1-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 1-
16	CH1_1+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 1+
17	GND	Ground
18	CH1_2-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 2-
19	CH1_2+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 2+
20	GND	Ground
21	CH1_CLK-	LVDS Channel 1, Clock -
22	CH1_CLK+	LVDS Channel 1, Clock +
23	GND	Ground
24	CH1_3-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 3-
25	CH1_3+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 3+
26	GND	Ground
27	Reserved	AUO Internal Use Only
28	Reserved	AUO Internal Use Only
29	GND	Ground
30	GND	Ground

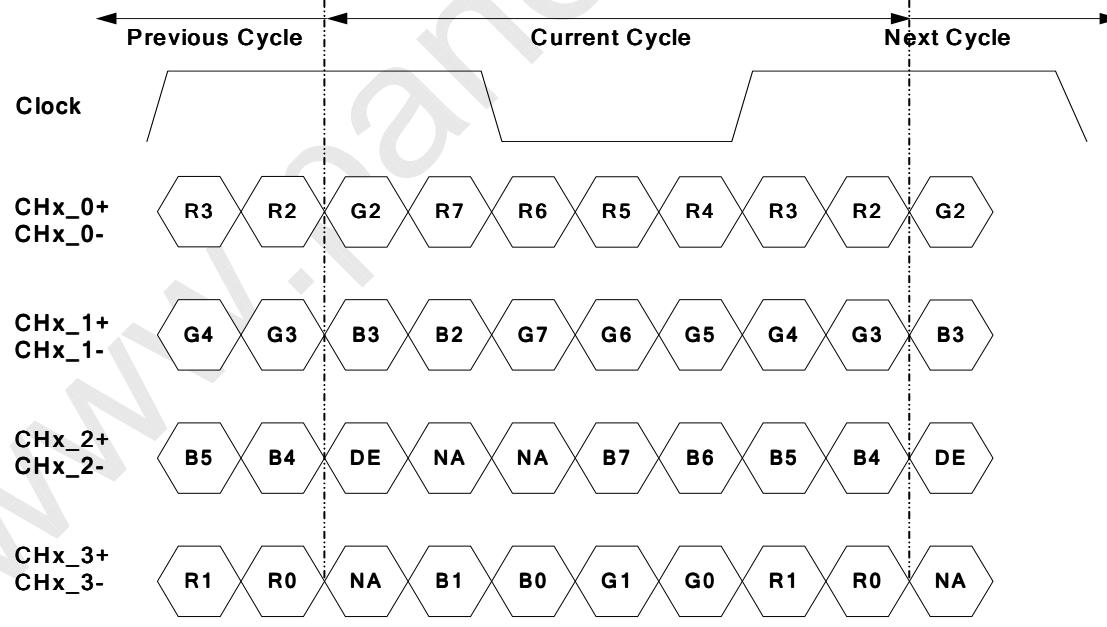
Note: N.C. : please leave this pin unoccupied. It can not be connected by any signal (Low/GND/High).

- LVDS Option = High/Open → NS



Note: x = 1, 2, 3, 4...

- LVDS Option = Low → JEIDA



Note: x = 1, 2, 3, 4...

3-3 Signal Timing Specification

This is the signal timing required at the input of the user connector. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications for its proper operation.

Signal	Item	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max	Unit
Vertical Section	Period	Tv	784	810	1015	Th
	Active	Tdisp (v)	768			Th
	Blanking	Tblk (v)	16	42	247	Th
Horizontal Section	Period	Th	1460	1648	2000	Tclk
	Active	Tdisp (h)	1366			Tclk
	Blanking	Tblk (h)	94	282	634	Tclk
Clock	Frequency	Fclk=1/Tclk	50	80	86	MHz
Vertical Frequency	Frequency	Fv	47	60	63	Hz
Horizontal Frequency	Frequency	Fh	43	48	53	KHz

Notes:

(1) Display position is specific by the rise of DE signal only.

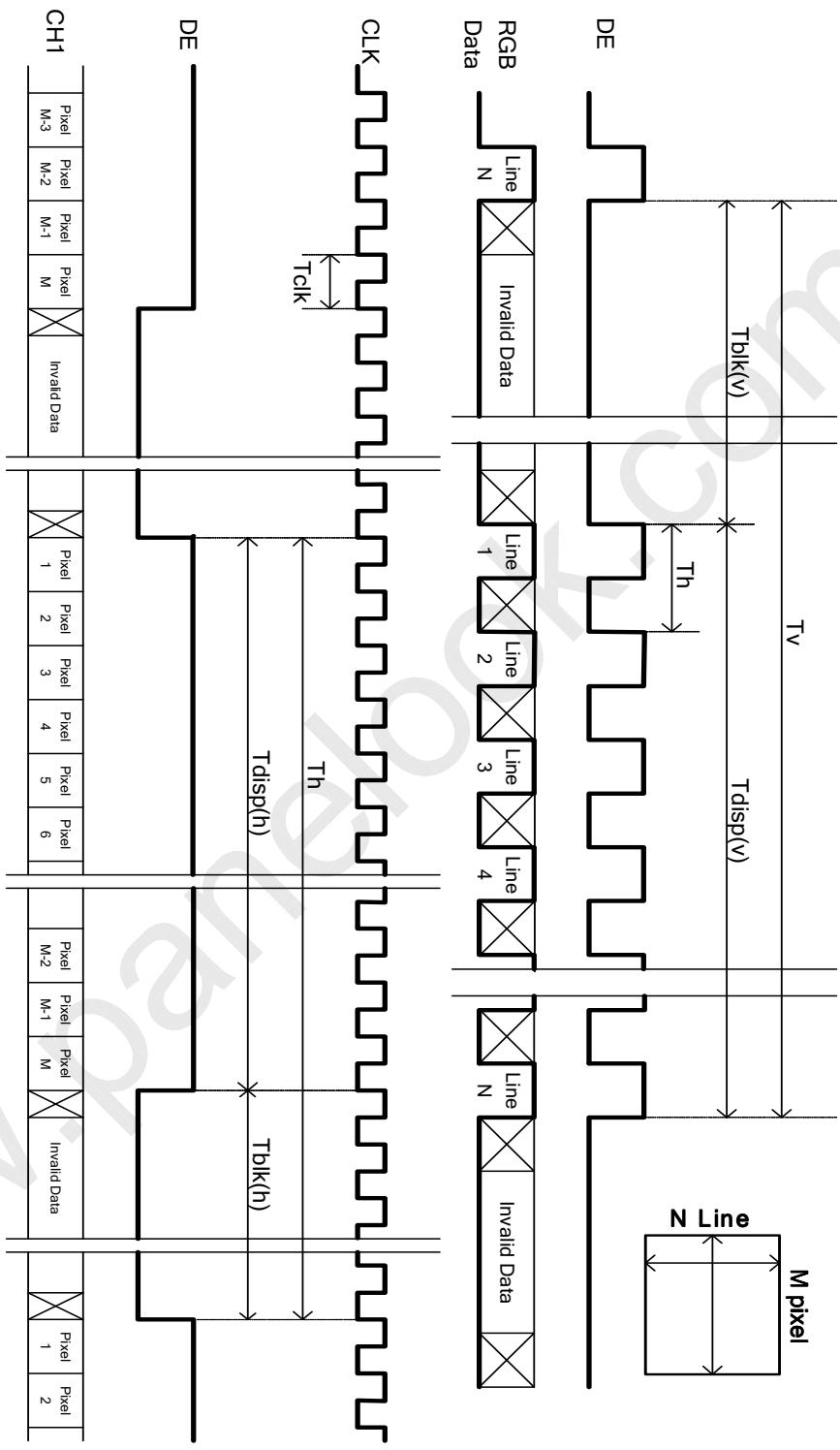
Horizontal display position is specified by the rising edge of 1st DCLK after the rise of 1st DE, is displayed on the left edge of the screen.

(2) Vertical display position is specified by the rise of DE after a "Low" level period equivalent to eight times of horizontal period. The 1st data corresponding to one horizontal line after the rise of 1st DE is displayed at the top line of screen.

(3) If a period of DE "High" is less than 1,366 DCLK or less than 768 lines, the rest of the screen displays black.

(4) The display position does not fit to the screen if a period of DE "High" and the effective data period do not synchronize with each other.

3-4 Signal Timing Waveforms



3-5 Color Input Data Reference

The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 8 bit gray scale data input for the color; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

● Color Data Reference

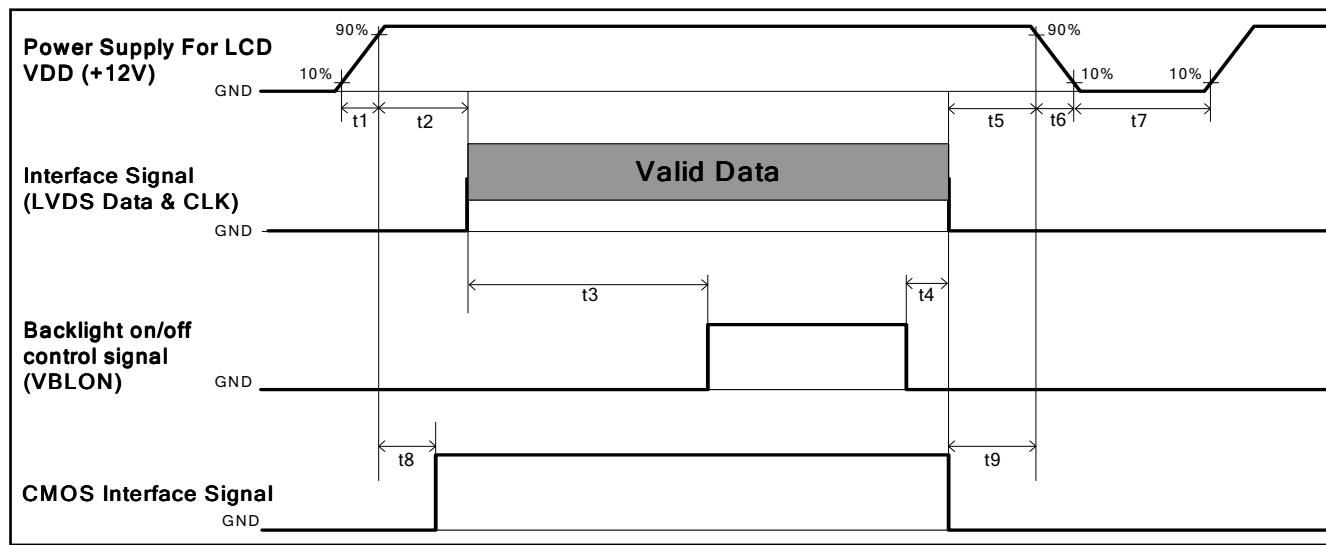
Color		Input Color Data																								
		RED								GREEN								BLUE								
		MSB				LSB				MSB				LSB				MSB				LSB				
Basic Color	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
R	RED(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

	RED(254)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
G	GREEN(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

	GREEN(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
B	BLUE(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1

	BLUE(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	BLUE(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

3-6 Power Sequence for LCD



Parameter	Values			Unit
	Min.	Type.	Max.	
t1	0.4	---	30	ms
t2	0.1	---	50	ms
t3	450	---	---	ms
t4	0 ^{*1}	---	---	ms
t5	0	---	---	ms
t6	---	---	---	ms
t7	500	---	---	ms
t8	10	---	50	ms
t9	0	---	---	ms

Note:

(1) t4=0 : concern for residual pattern before BLU turn off.

(2) t6 : voltage of VDD must decay smoothly after power-off. (customer system decide this value)



3-7 Backlight Specification

The backlight unit contains 1-side lightbar.

3-7-1 Electrical Specification

	Item	Symbol	Condition	Spec			Unit	Note
				Min	Typ	Max		
1	Input Voltage	V _{DDB}	-	22.8	24	25.2	VDC	-
2	Input Current	I _{DDB}	V _{DDB} =24V		1.5	1.65	ADC	1
3	Input Power	P _{DDB}	V _{DDB} =24V		36	39.6	W	1
4	Inrush Current	I _{RUSH}	V _{DDB} =24V			4	ADC	2
5	On/Off control voltage	V _{BLON}	ON	V _{DDB} =24V	2	-	5.5	VDC
			OFF		0	-	0.8	
6	On/Off control current	I _{BLON}	V _{DDB} =24V	-	-	1.5	mA	-
7	External PWM Control Voltage	V _{EPWM}	MAX	V _{DDB} =24V	2	-	5.5	VDC
			MIN	V _{DDB} =24V	0	-	0.8	
8	External PWM Control Current	I _{EPWM}	V _{DDB} =24V	-	-	2	mADC	-
9	External PWM Duty ratio	D _{EPWM}	V _{DDB} =24V	5	-	100	%	4
10	External PWM Frequency	F _{EPWM}	V _{DDB} =24V	140	180	240	Hz	-
11	DET status signal	DET	HI	V _{DDB} =24V	Open Collector			VDC
			Lo		0	-	0.8	VDC
12	Input Impedance	R _{in}	V _{DDB} =24V	300			Kohm	-

Note 1 : Dimming ratio= 100% (MAX) (Ta=25±5°C , Turn on for 45minutes)

Note 2: Measurement condition Rising time = 20ms (V_{DDB} : 10%~90%);

Note 3: When BLU off (V_{DDB} = 24V , V_{BLON} = 0V) , I_{DDB} (max) = 0.02A

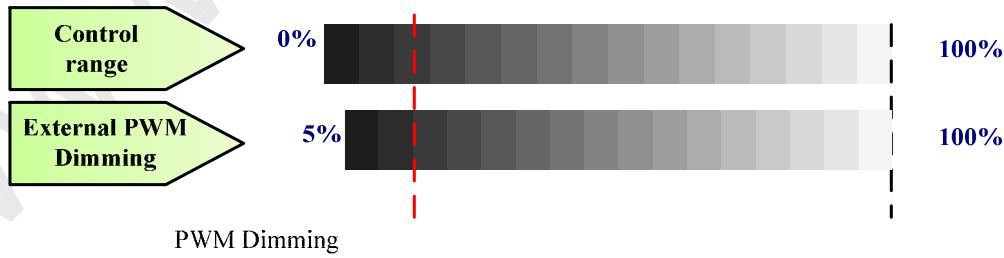
Note 4: Less than 5% dimming control is functional well and no backlight shutdown happened

Note 5: Normal : 0~0.8V ; Abnormal : Open collector

3-7-2 Interface Connection

LED driver board connector : Cvilux CI1114M1HR0-NH

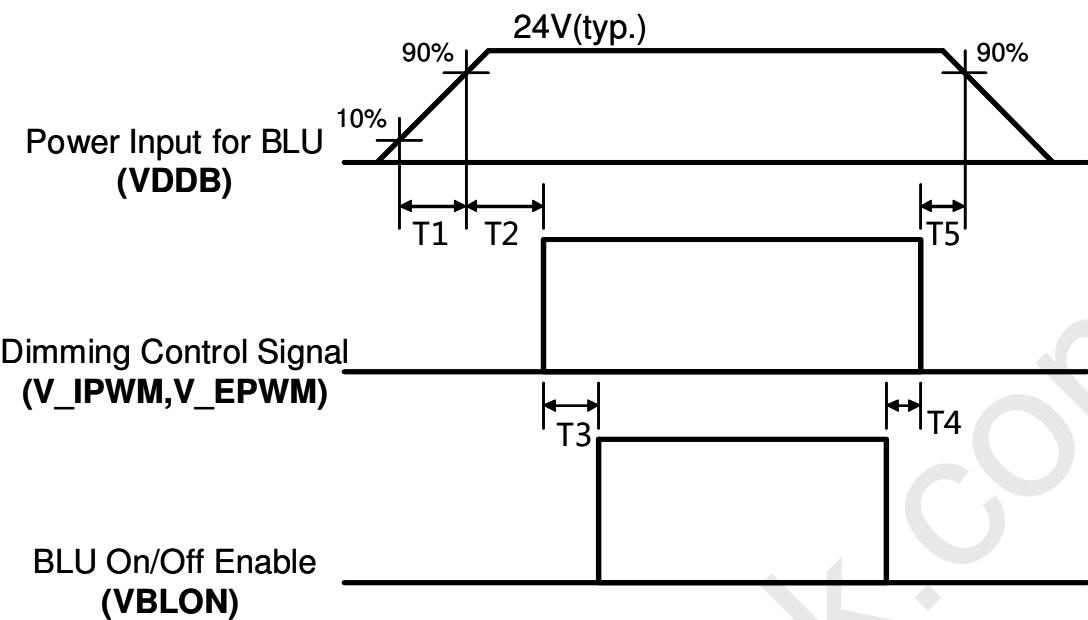
Pin	Symbol	Description
1	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
2	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
3	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
4	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
5	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
6	BLGND	Ground and Current Return
7	BLGND	Ground and Current Return
8	BLGND	Ground and Current Return
9	BLGND	Ground and Current Return
10	BLGND	Ground and Current Return
11	DET	BLU status detection: Normal : 0~0.8V ; Abnormal : Open collector (Recommend Pull high R > 10K, VDD = 3.3V)
12	VBLON	BLU On-Off control: High/Open (2~5.5V) : BL On ; Low (0~0.8V/GND) : BL Off
13	NC	NC
14	PDIM(*)	External PWM (5%~100% Duty, open for 100%)



(Note*) IF External PWM function less than 5 % dimming ratio. Judge condition as below:

- (1) Backlight module must be lighted ON normally.
- (2) All protection function must work normally.
- (3) Uniformity and flicker could NOT be guaranteed

3-7-3 Power Sequence for LED Driver



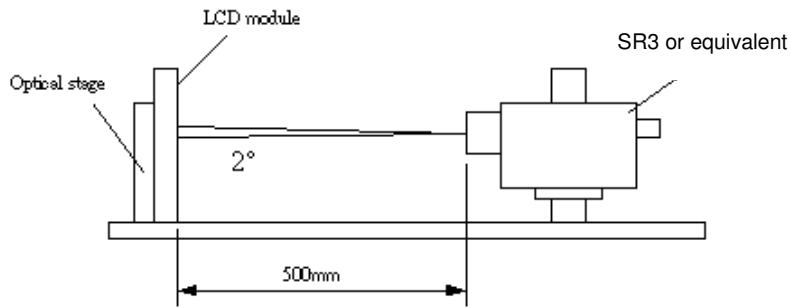
Dip condition for LED

Parameter	Value			Units
	Min	Typ	Max	
T1	20	-	-	ms
T2	500	-	-	ms
T3	250	-	-	ms
T4	0	-	-	ms
T5	1	-	-	ms
T6	-	-	10	ms

4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 45 minutes in a dark environment at 25°C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of ϕ and θ equal to 0°.

Fig 1 presents additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.



Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Notes
		Min.	Typ.	Max		
Contrast Ratio	CR	2,400	3,000	--	--	1
Surface Luminance (White)	L _{WH}	320	400	--	cd/m ²	2
Luminance Variation	δ _{WHITE(9P)}	--	--	1.33	--	3
Response Time (G to G)	T _Y	--	6.5	--	Ms	4
Color Gamut	NTSC	--	72	--	%	--
Color Coordinates	Red	R _X	0.64	Typ.+0.03	--	--
		R _Y	0.33		--	--
	Green	G _X	0.32		--	--
		G _Y	0.62		--	--
	Blue	B _X	0.15		--	--
		B _Y	0.05		--	--
	White	W _X	0.280		--	--
		W _Y	0.290		--	--
Viewing Angle	x axis, right($\phi=0^\circ$)	θ _r	--	89	degree	5
	x axis, left($\phi=180^\circ$)	θ _l	--	89	degree	5
	y axis, up($\phi=90^\circ$)	θ _u	--	89	degree	5
	y axis, down ($\phi=270^\circ$)	θ _d	--	89	degree	5

Note:

1. Contrast Ratio (CR) is defined mathematically as:

$$\text{Contrast Ratio} = \frac{\text{Surface Luminance of } L_{on5}}{\text{Surface Luminance of } L_{off5}}$$

2. Surface luminance is luminance value at point 5 across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. From more information see FIG 2. LED current I_F = typical value (without driver board), LED input V_{DDB} = 24V, I_{DDB} = Typical value (with driver board), L_{WH} = L_{on5} where L_{on5} is the luminance with all pixels displaying white at center 5 location.
3. The variation in surface luminance, δ_{WHITE} is defined (center of Screen) as:
$$\delta_{WHITE(9P)} = \text{Maximum}(L_{on1}, L_{on2}, \dots, L_{on9}) / \text{Minimum}(L_{on1}, L_{on2}, \dots, L_{on9})$$
4. Response time T_γ is the average time required for display transition by switching the input signal for five luminance ratio (0%, 25%, 50%, 75%, 100% brightness matrix) and is based on $F_v=60\text{Hz}$ to optimize.

Measured Response Time		Target						
		0%	25%	50%	75%	100%		
Start	0%	0% to 25%				0% to 50%	0% to 75%	0% to 100%
	25%	25% to 0%		25% to 50%		25% to 75%	25% to 100%	
	50%	50% to 0%		50% to 25%		50% to 75%	50% to 100%	
	75%	75% to 0%		75% to 25%		75% to 50%	75% to 100%	
	100%	100% to 0%		100% to 25%		100% to 50%	100% to 75%	

5. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG4.

FIG. 2 Luminance

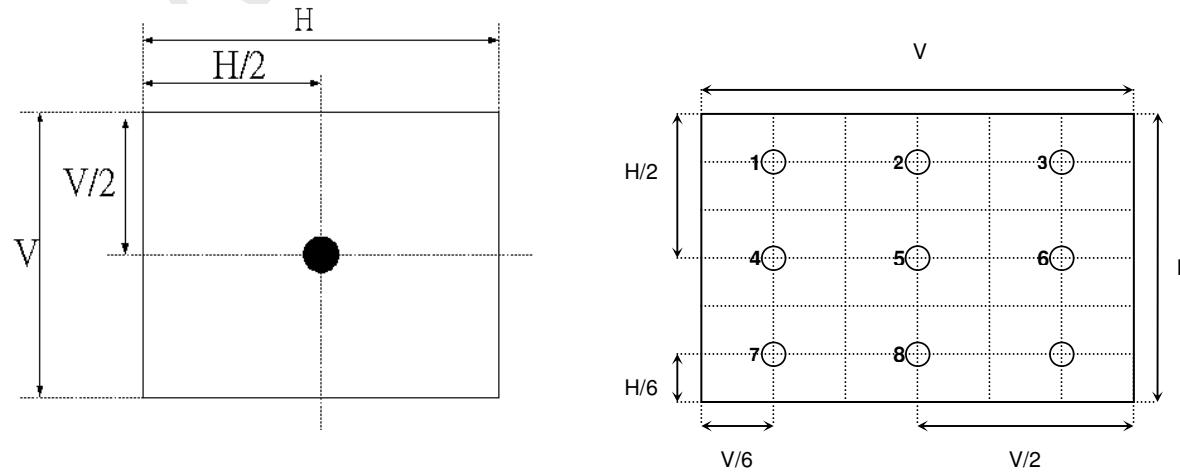
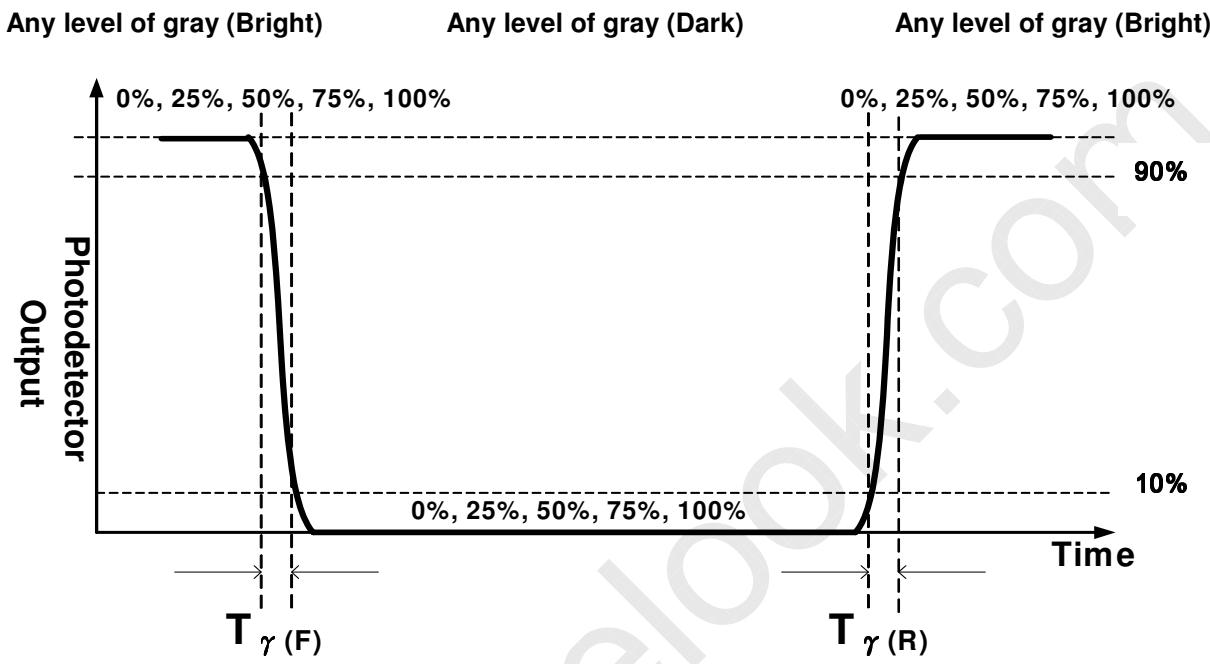
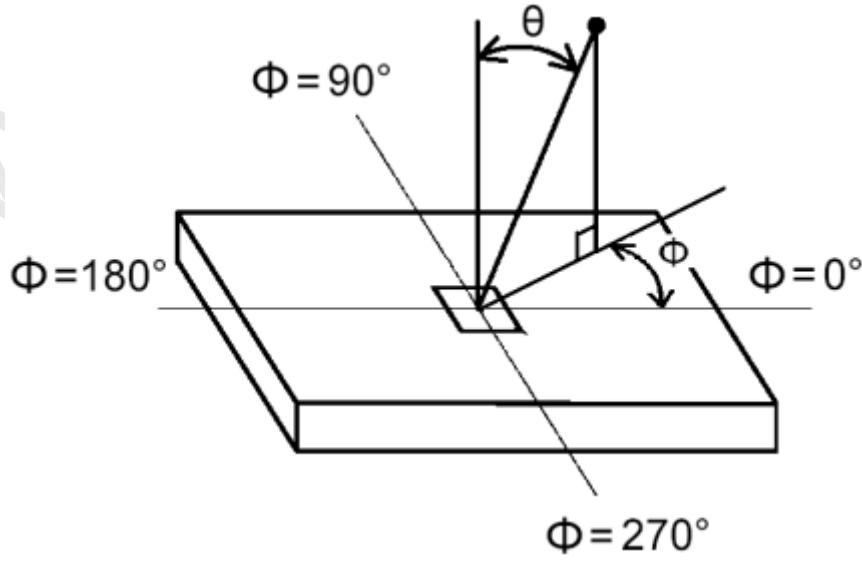


FIG.3 Response Time

The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "any level of grey(bright)" and "any level of gray(dark)".

**FIG.4 Viewing Angle**

5. Mechanical Characteristics

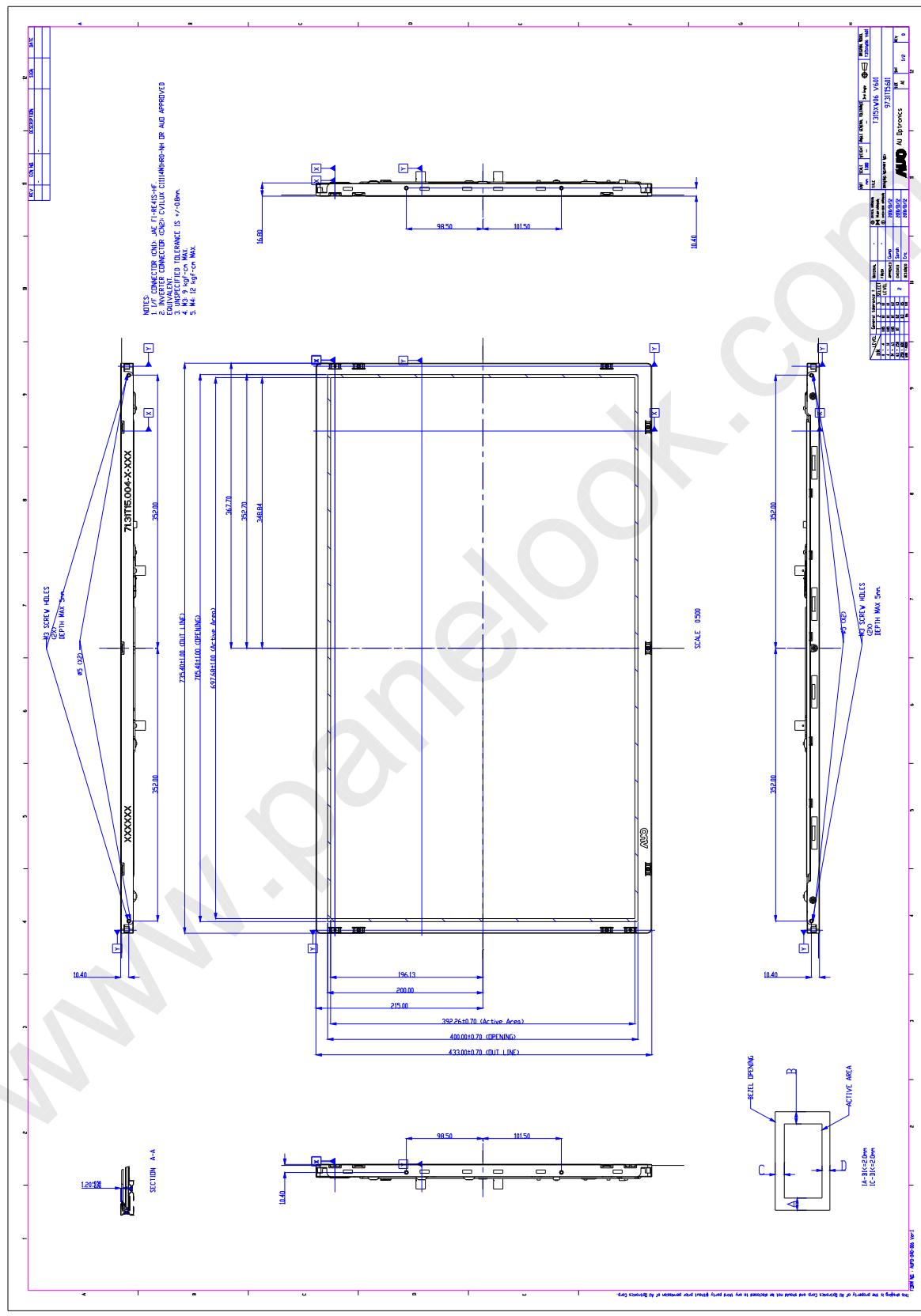
The contents provide general mechanical characteristics for the model T315XW06 V6 In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD.

Outline Dimension	Horizontal	735.4mm
	Vertical	433 mm
	Depth	16.8 mm (F/B to shielding)
Bezel Opening	Horizontal	705.4mm
	Vertical	400mm
Active Display Area	Horizontal	697.685mm
	Vertical	392.256mm
Weight	5,500 g (Typ.)	
Surface Treatment	AG, Haze=2%, 3H	

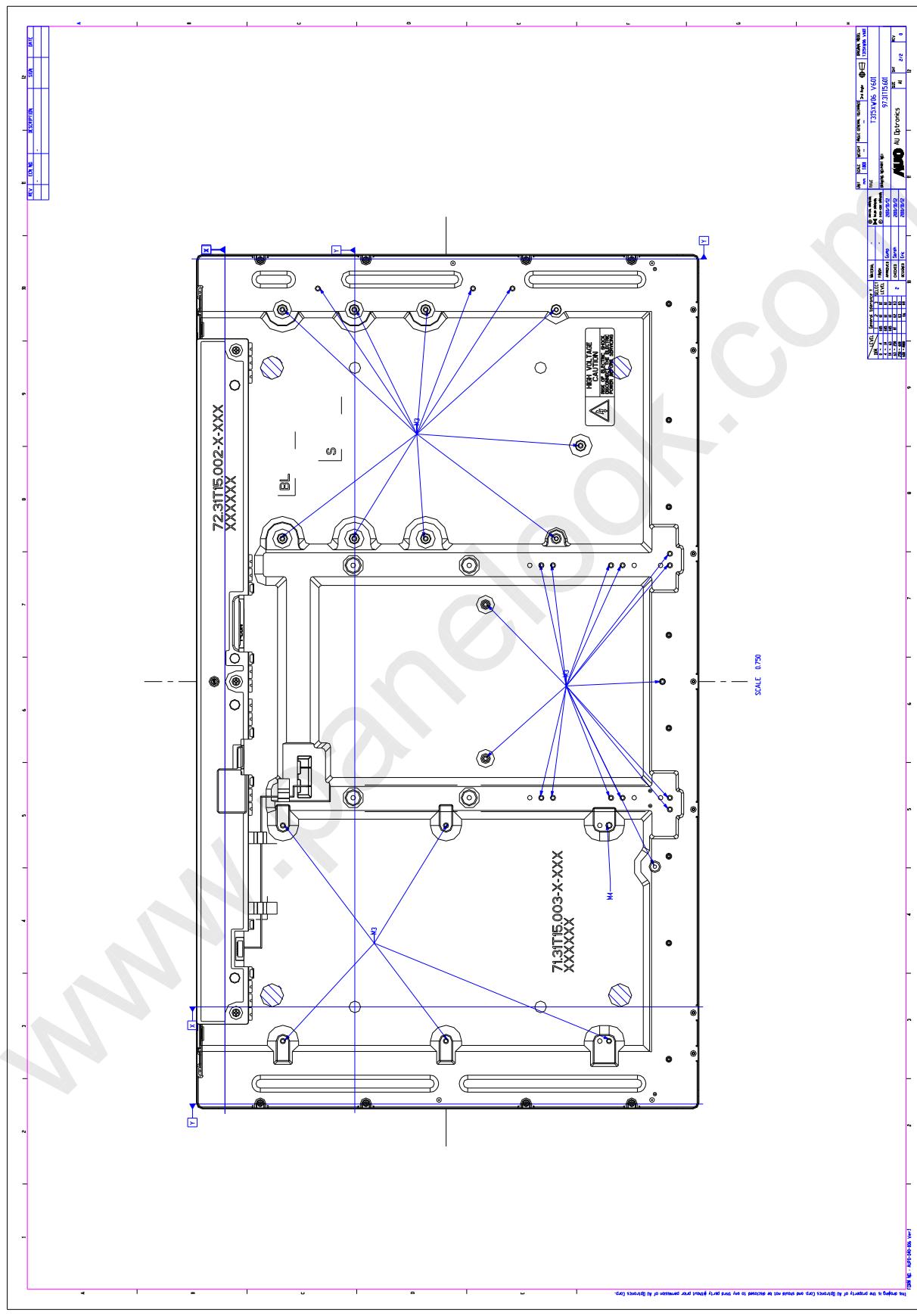


T315XW06 V6 Product Specification
Rev. 1.1

- **Front View**



● Back View



6. Reliability Test Items

No.	Test Item	Q'ty	Condition
1	High temperature storage test	3	60°C, 300hrs
2	Low temperature storage test	3	-20°C, 300hrs
3	High temperature operation test	3	50°C, 300hrs
4	Low temperature operation test	3	-5°C, 300hrs
5	Vibration test (non-operation)	3	Wave form : random Vibration level : 1.0G RMS Bandwidth: 10-300Hz Duration: X, Y, Z 10min One time for each direction
6	Shock test (non-operation)	3	Shock level: 50G Waveform: half sine wave, 11ms Direction: ±X, ±Y, ±Z, One time each direction
7	Vibration test (With carton)	5	Random wave (1.05G RMS, 10-200Hz) 10mins/ each X,Y,Z axes
8	Drop test (With carton)	5	Height: 30.5 cm 1 corner, 3 edges, 6 surfaces (ASTM-D5276)

7. International Standard

7-1 Safety

- (1) UL 60950-1, UL 60065; Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including electrical Business Equipment.
- (2) IEC 60950-1 : 2001, IEC 60065:2001 ; Standard for Safety of International Electrotechnical Commission
- (3) EN 60950 : 2001+A11, EN 60065:2002+A1:2006; European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization (CENELEC), EUROPEAN STANDARD for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.

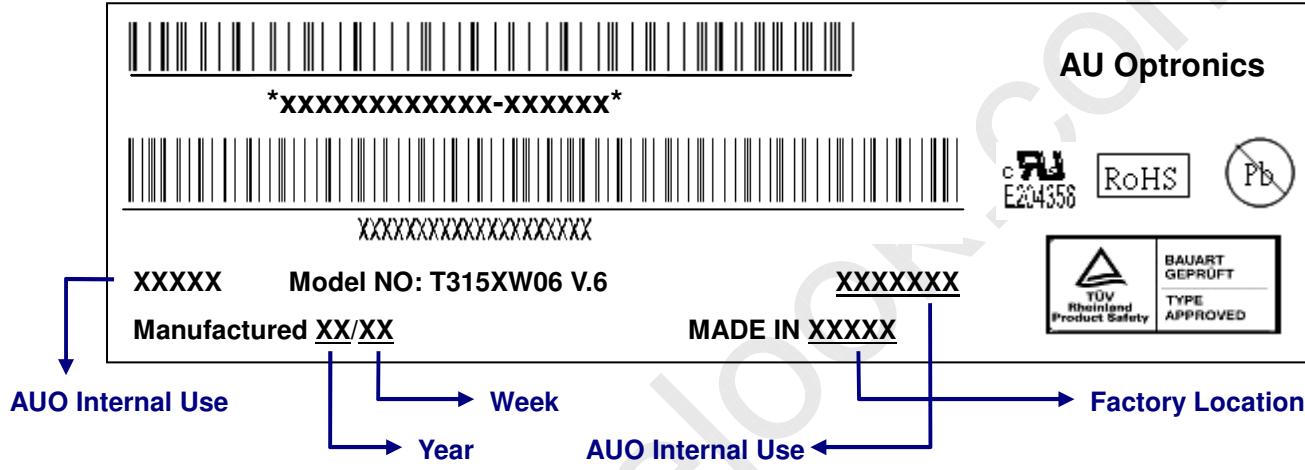
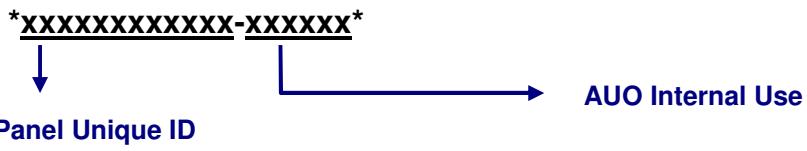
7-2 EMC

- (4) ANSI C63.4 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHz to 40GHz. "American National standards Institute(ANSI), 1992
- (5) C.I.S.P.R "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." International Special committee on Radio Interference.
- (6) EN 55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization. (CENELEC), 1998

8. Packing

8-1 Definition of Label

- Panel Label

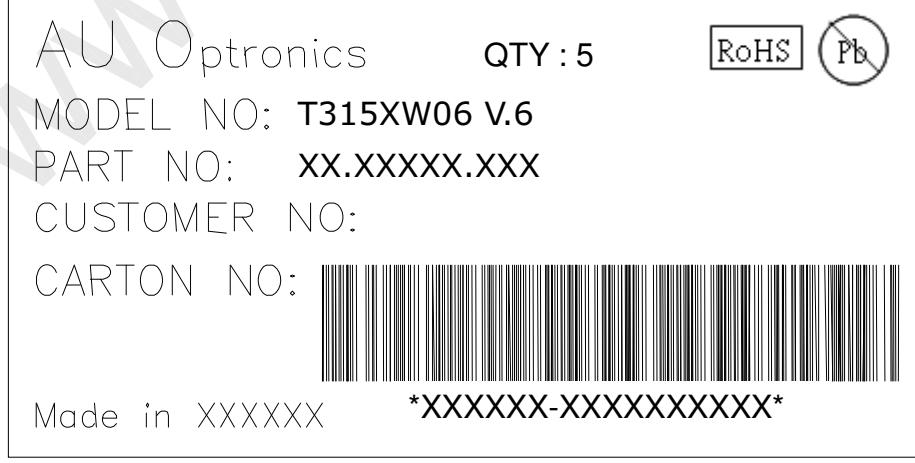


Green mark description

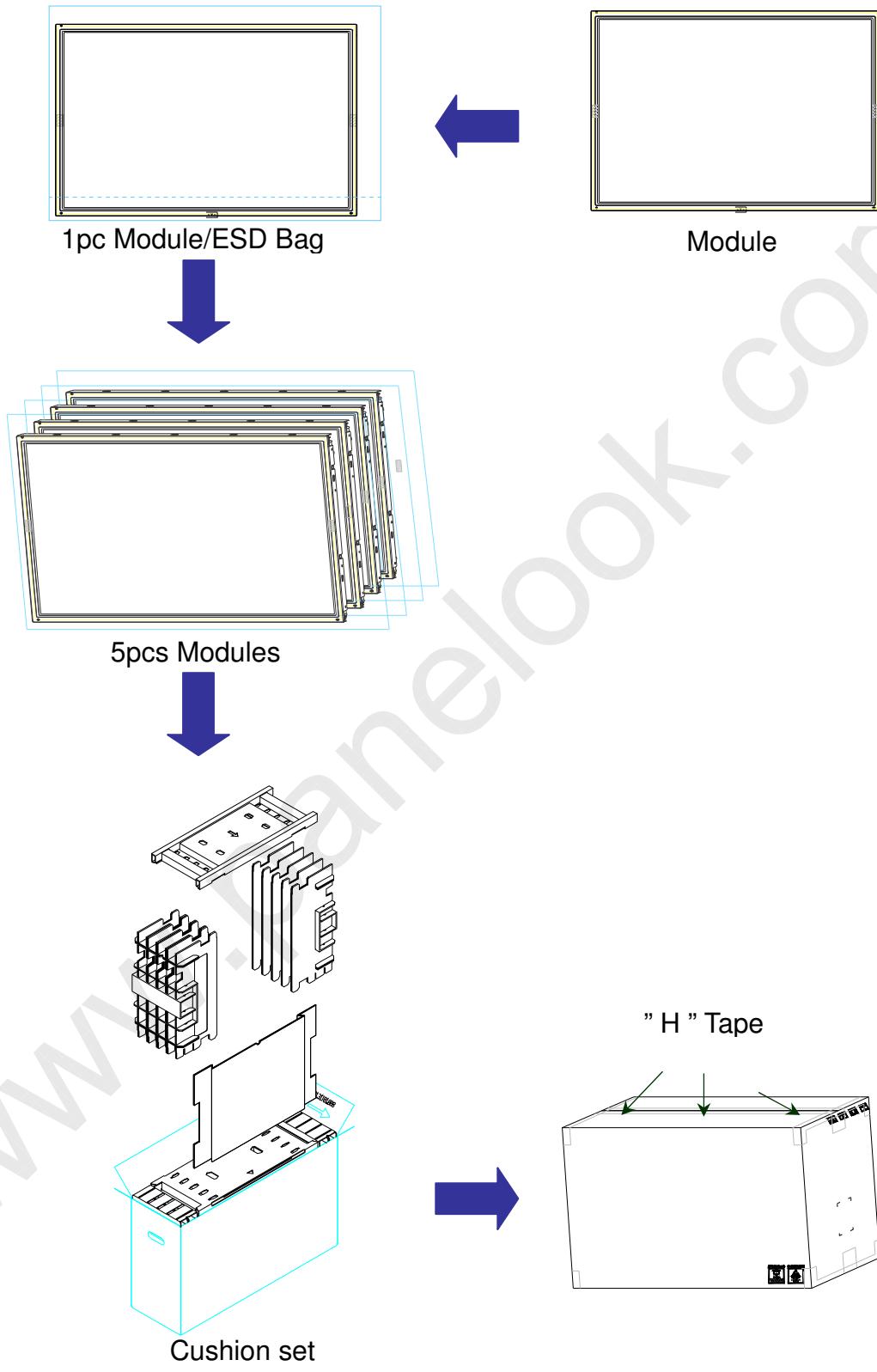
- (1) For Pb Free Product, AUO will add  for identification.
- (2) For RoHs compatible products, AUO will add  for identification.

Note: The green Mark will be present only when the green documents have been ready by AUO internal green team. (definition of green design follows the AUO green design checklist.)

- Carton Label

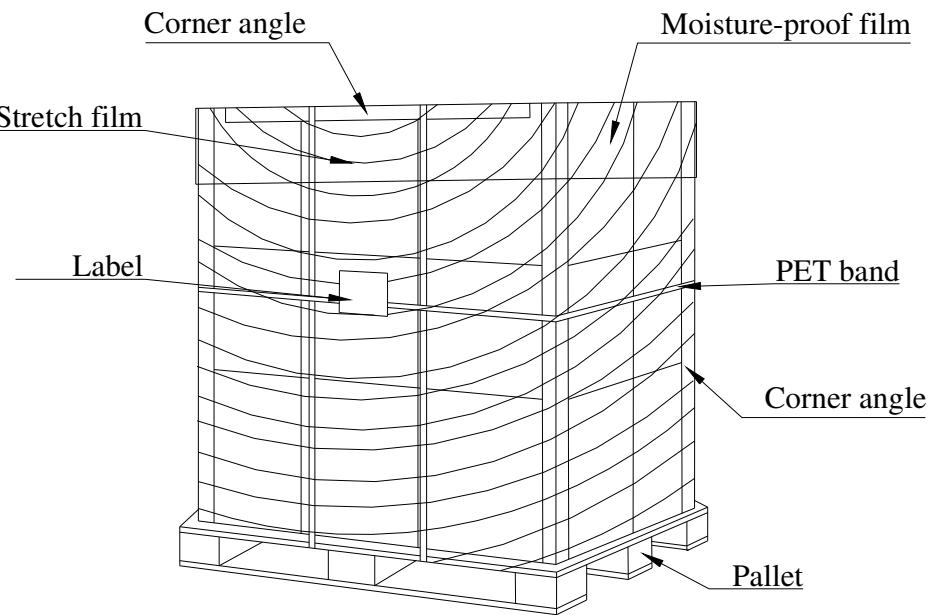


8-2 Packing Method



8-3 Pallet and Shipment Information

	Item	Specification			Packing Remark
		Quantity	Dimension	Weight (kg)	
1	Packing BOX	5pcs/box	828(L)mm*283(W)mm*536(H)mm	36.5	
2	Pallet	1	1150(L)mm*840(W)mm*132(H)mm	13	
3	Boxes per Pallet	8 boxes/Pallet			
4	Panels per Pallet	40 pcs/pallet			
5	Pallet after packing	N/A	1150(L)mm*840(W)mm*1204(H)mm	305	
			1150(L)mm*840(W)mm*2408(H)mm Double Pallet	610	



6. Precautions

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

9-1 Mounting Precautions

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in four corners or four sides.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. twisted stress) is not applied to module.
And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer.
Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter cause circuit broken by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizer with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead.
And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth. (Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front/ rear polarizer. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

9-2 Operation Precautions

- (1) The device listed in the product specification sheets was designed and manufactured for TV application
- (2) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage:
 $V=\pm 200mV$ (Over and under shoot voltage)
- (3) Response time depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes longer..)
- (4) Brightness of module depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.) And in lower temperature, response time (required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (5) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (6) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (7) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimize the interface.

9-3 Electrostatic Discharge Control

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wristband etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

9-4 Precautions for Strong Light Exposure

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

9-5 Storage

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object. It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

9-6 Handling Precautions for Protection Film

- (1) The protection film is attached to the bezel with a small masking tape. When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the bezel after the protection film is peeled off.
- (3) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the bezel or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.